UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
ANTENNA STRUCTURE REGISTRATION

OWNER: Pinnacle Towers Acquisition LLC

FCC Registration Number (FRN): 0009728882

Pinnacle Towers Acquisition LLC **2000 Corporate Drive** **Canonsburg, PA 15317**	**Antenna Structure Registration Number** **1038099** **Issue Date** **05/06/2016**
Location of Antenna Structure **W SIDE OF ST RT 259 .6 MI N** **EQUALITY, AL 36026** **County: COOSA**	**Ground Elevation (AMSL)** **227.7 meters** **Overall Height Above Ground (AGL)** **79.2 meters**
Latitude 32- 46- 14.1 N **Longitude** 086- 06- 03.5 W **NAD83**	**Overall Height Above Mean Sea Level (AMSL)** **306.9 meters**
Center of Array Coordinates **N/A**	**Type of Structure** **GTOWER** **Guyed Structure Used for Communication Purposes**
Painting and Lighting Requirements: **FCC Paragraphs A1, H** **Conditions:**	

This registration is effective upon completion of the described antenna structure and notification to the Commission. **YOU MUST NOTIFY THE COMMISSION WITHIN 24 HOURS OF COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION OR CANCELLATION OF YOUR PROJECT, please file FCC Form 854.** To file electronically, connect to the antenna structure registration system by pointing your web browser to http://wireless.fcc.gov/antenna. Electronic filing is recommended. You may also file manually by submitting a paper copy of FCC Form 854. Use purpose code "NT" for notification of completion of construction; use purpose code "CA" to cancel your registration.

The Antenna Structure Registration is not an authorization to construct radio facilities or transmit radio signals. It is necessary that all radio equipment on this structure be covered by a valid FCC license or construction permit.

You must immediately provide a copy of this Registration to all tenant licensees and permittees sited on the structure described on this Registration (although not required, you may want to use Certified Mail to obtain proof of receipt), and *display* your Registration Number at the site. See reverse for important information about the Commission's Antenna Structure Registration rules.

Reference Copy

You must comply with all applicable FCC obstruction marking and lighting requirements, as set forth in Part 17 of the Commission's Rules (47 C.F.R. Part 17). These rules include, but are not limited to:

Posting the Registration Number: The Antenna Structure Registration Number must be displayed in a conspicuous place so that it is readily visible near the base of the antenna structure. Materials used to display the Registration Number must be weather-resistant and of sufficient size to be easily seen at the base of the antenna structure. Exceptions exist for certain historic structures. See 47 C.F.R. 17.4(g)-(h).

Inspecting lights and equipment: The obstruction lighting must be observed at least every 24 hours in order to detect any outages or malfunctions. Lighting equipment, indicators, and associated devices must be inspected at least once every three months.

Reporting outages and malfunctions: When any top steady-burning light or a flashing light (in any position) burns out or malfunctions, the outage must be reported to the nearest FAA Flight Service Station, unless corrected within 30 minutes. The FAA must again be notified when the light is restored. The owner must also maintain a log of these outages and malfunctions.

Maintaining assigned painting: The antenna structure must be repainted as often as necessary to maintain good visibility.

Complying with environmental rules: If you certified that grant of this registration would not have a significant environmental impact, you must nevertheless maintain all pertinent records and be ready to provide documentation supporting this certification and compliance with the rules, in the event that such information is requested by the Commission pursuant to 47 C.F.R. 1.1307(d).

Updating information: The owner must notify the FCC of proposed modifications to this structure; of any change in ownership; or, within 30 days of dismantlement of the structure.

You can find additional information at *[insert link]* or by calling (877) 480-3201 (TTY 717-338-2824).

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OBSTRUCTION MARKING AND LIGHTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR ANTENNA STRUCTURES
It is to be expressly understood that the issuance of the below specifications is in no way to be considered as precluding additional or modified markings or lighting as may hereafter be required under the provisions of Section 303(q) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

A1 There shall be installed at the top of the antenna structure a white capacitor discharge omnidirectional light which conforms to FAA/DOD Specification L-865, Medium Intensity Obstruction Lighting Systems. This light shall be mounted on the highest point of the structure. If the antenna or other appurtenance at its highest point is incapable of supporting the omnidirectional light, one or more such lights shall be installed on a suitable adjacent support with the lights mounted not more than 6.10 meters (20 feet) below the tip of the appurtenance. The lights shall be positioned so as to permit unobstructed viewing of at least one light from aircraft at any normal angle of approach. The light unit(s) shall emit a beam with a peak intensity around its periphery of approximately 20,000 candelas during daytime and twilight, and approximately 2,000 candelas at night.

H All high and medium intensity lights shall be synchronized to flash simultanously at 40 pulses per minute. The light system shall be equipped with a light sensitive control device which shall face the north sky and cause the intensity steps to change automatically when the north sky illumination on a vertical surface is as follows: 1. Day to Twilight: Shall not occur before the illumination drops to 60 footcandles, but shall occur before it drops below 30 footcandles. 2. Twilight to Night: Shall not occur before the illumination drops to 5 footcandles, but shall occur before it drops to 2 footcandles. 3. Night to Day: The intensity changes listed in 1. and 2. above shall be reversed in transitioning from the night to day modes.

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